

Model formula for tire innerliner Exxon™ chlorobutyl 1066

Energy lives here



Tire innerliners formulated with 100 PHR Exxon™ chlorobutyl maximize the air barrier properties of the innerliner, protecting the the rest of the tire from degradation and ensuring top performance.

Material	Units	Amount
Exxon chlorobutyl 1066	PHR ⁽¹⁾	100.0
Carbon black grade N660	PHR	60.0
Naphthenic oil	PHR	8.0
Aromatic and aliphatic hydrocarbon resin blend	PHR	7.0
Phenolic tackifying resin	PHR	4.0
Stearic acid	PHR	1.0
Zinc oxide	PHR	1.0
Sulfur	PHR	0.5
Benzothiazyl disulfide (MBTS)	PHR	1.25
Total (PHR)		182.75

Properties	Test method based on	Units and conditions	Typical values ⁽²⁾
Mooney viscosity ML (1+4) at 100°C	ASTM D1646	MU, 100°C	56
Mooney scorch (tested at 125°C)	ASTM D1646		
Minimum viscosity	ASTM D1646	MU	42
Time to 5pt rise	ASTM D1646	minutes	14.5
Time to 10pt rise	ASTM D1646	minutes	17.4
MDR rheometer	ASTM D5289	160°C; 30 minutes; 0.5 deg. arc	
M _I (minimum torque)	ASTM D5289	dNm	1.4
M _b (maximum torque)	ASTM D5289	dNm	5.3
M _b - M _I (delta torque)	ASTM D5289	dNm	3.9
Tc ₁₀ (time to 10% torque increase)	ASTM D5289	minutes	1.3
Tc ₅₀ (time to 50% torque increase)	ASTM D5289	minutes	2.4
Tc ₉₀ (time to 90% torque increase)	ASTM D5289	minutes	4.9
Cure rate (peak rate)	ASTM D5289	dNm/min	1.8

Model formula for tire innerliner Exxon™ chlorobutyl 1066 (100 PHR)

Properties	Test method based on	Units and conditions (2)	Typical values ⁽³⁾
MDR rheometer	ASTM D5289	180°C; 30 minutes; 0.5 deg. arc	
M _I (minimum torque)	ASTM D5289	dNm	1.1
M _b (maximum torque)	ASTM D5289	dNm	4.6
M _b - M _I (delta torque)	ASTM D5289	dNm	3.5
Tc ₁₀ (time to 10% torque increase)	ASTM D5289	minutes	0.6
Tc ₅₀ (time to 50% torque increase)	ASTM D5289	minutes	0.9
Tc ₉₀ (time to 90% torque increase)	ASTM D5289	minutes	2.1
Stress strain properties		cure time ³ 6.9 minutes at 160°C	
Tensile strength	ASTM D412	MPa	8.7
Elongation at break		%	680.0
Modulus 100%		MPa	1.1
Modulus 200%		MPa	2.2
Modulus 300%		MPa	3.5
Energy to break		joules	8.2
Tear strength (die B)	ASTM D624	kN/m	35.1
Hardness	ASTM D2240	shore A	44
Fatigue to failure (cycles)	ExxonMobil method	kilo cycles at 136% strain	410
Oxygen permeability coefficient at 40°C	ExxonMobil method	cc*mm (m²-day-mmHg)	0.38
ARES dynamic properties at 0°C	ExxonMobil method	2% strain, 1.0 Hz.	
G'		MPa	4.1
G"		MPa	1.1
Tan_delta			0.27
ARES dynamic properties at 30°C	ExxonMobil method	2% strain, 1.0 Hz.	
G'		MPa	3.1
G"		MPa	0.40
Tan_delta			0.13
ARES dynamic properties at 0°C	ExxonMobil method	2% strain, 10.0 Hz.	
G'		MPa	5.7
G"		MPa	3.4
Tan_delta	- MIN 11	20/ 1 : 40 0 1 1	0.60
ARES dynamic properties at 30°C	ExxonMobil method	2% strain, 10.0 Hz.	2.5
G' G"		MPa	3.5
		MPa	0.69
Tan_delta			0.20



^{1.} Parts per hundred rubber.

^{2.} Values given are typical and should not be interpreted as a specification. 3. Samples cured Tc 90 + 2 at 160°C.